Packet Tracer - Implement Port Security

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# Addressing Table

Diagram

Description automatically generated

| Device | Interface | IP Address | Subnet Mask |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| S1 | VLAN 1 | 10.10.10.2 | 255.255.255.0 |
| PC1 | NIC | 10.10.10.10 | 255.255.255.0 |
| PC2 | NIC | 10.10.10.11 | 255.255.255.0 |
| Rogue Laptop | NIC | 10.10.10.12 | 255.255.255.0 |

Blank Line - no additional information

# Objective

Part 1: Configure Port Security

Part 2: Verify Port Security

# Background

In this activity, you will configure and verify port security on a switch. Port security allows you to restrict a port’s ingress traffic by limiting the MAC addresses that are allowed to send traffic into the port.

## Configure Port Security

* + - 1. Access the command line for **S1** and enable port security on Fast Ethernet ports 0/1 and 0/2.

Open Configuration Window

S1(config)# **interface** **range** **f0/1 – 2**

S1(config-if-range)# **switchport port-security**

* + - 1. Set the maximum so that only one device can access the Fast Ethernet ports 0/1 and 0/2.

S1(config-if-range)# **switchport port-security maximum 1**

* + - 1. Secure the ports so that the MAC address of a device is dynamically learned and added to the running configuration.

S1(config-if-range)# **switchport port-security mac-address sticky**

* + - 1. Set the violation mode so that the Fast Ethernet ports 0/1 and 0/2 are not disabled when a violation occurs, but a notification of the security violation is generated and packets from the unknown source are dropped.

S1(config-if-range)# **switchport port-security violation restrict**

* + - 1. Disable all the remaining unused ports. Use the **range** keyword to apply this configuration to all the ports simultaneously.

S1(config-if-range)# **interface range f0/3 - 24, g0/1 - 2**

S1(config-if-range)# **shutdown**

Part 2: Verify Port Security

From **PC1**, ping **PC2**.

Verify that port security is enabled and the MAC addresses of **PC1** and **PC2** were added to the running configuration.

S1# **show run | begin interface**

Use port-security show commands to display configuration information.

S1# **show port-security**

S1# **show port-security address**

Attach **Rogue Laptop** to any unused switch port and notice that the link lights are red.

Enable the port and verify that **Rogue Laptop** can ping **PC1** and **PC2**. After verification, shut down the port connected to **Rogue Laptop.**

Disconnect **PC2** and connect **Rogue Laptop** to F0/2, which is the port to which PC2 was originally connected. Verify that **Rogue Laptop** is unable to ping **PC1**.

Display the port security violations for the port to which **Rogue Laptop** is connected.

S1# **show port-security interface f0/2**

Close Configuration Window

Question

How many violations have occurred?

Four violations, one for each ping request.

Type your answers here.

Disconnect **Rouge Laptop** and reconnect **PC2**. Verify **PC2** can ping **PC1**.

Question

Why is **PC2** able to ping **PC1**, but the **Rouge Laptop** is not?

The port security that was enabled on the port only allowed access to the device whose MAC was learned first, while blocking access to all other devices.

Type your answers here.

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